

MaternalPlus® reports

With this month's theme of reproductive strategies, I would be remiss to leave out the maternal tools available in AAA Login. Maternal characteristics are important. After all, Angus is known as a maternal breed. The American Angus Association is also known for its extensive database, and the recent genomic recalibration has enhanced the accuracy of the heifer pregnancy (HP) expected progeny difference (EPD). Additionally, AAA Login has tools like MaternalPlus® to help gauge maternal reproductive efficiency in other ways.

MaternalPlus data use

MaternalPlus is a voluntary inventorybased program designed to capture reproductive trait data on breeding, calving and pregnancy, and it is being used to develop tools to aid selection for cow productivity and longevity.

Sally Northcutt, American Angus Association director of genetic research, says, "MaternalPlus provides a reference for key EPDs, including calving ease, birth weight and weaning weight, but it will also be a resource for what we need to do to develop additional reproductive EPDs."

For those breeders already enrolled in MaternalPlus, you already know that you can manage your cow and heifer inventory lists, but three new reports let you view data about your cow herd graphically (see Fig. 1), say Lou Ann Adams and Chris Stallo, director and assistant director of American Angus Association information systems. In addition to the HP EPD, MaternalPlus can be used to make management decisions.

New reports

The **Female Age Distribution Report** provides age categories in bar-graph and piechart formats for a quick and easy reference to your cow herd age distribution (see Fig. 2). Herd demographics can be used to plan future production and marketing strategies. The distribution of young females is useful in determining the heifer replacement rate.

To access this report, click on the "MaternalPlus" tab in AAA Login, then the first link under the "Reports" section.

The **Genetic Trends for Enrolled Females** report shows a real-time genetic trend line that tracks the average EPD by cow birth year and plots these averages across the available years associated with the enrolled females (see Fig. 3). The graphs feature the genetic trend line of the breed as an additional reference point with each trait.

Once you select the second link in the "Reports" section, you can select individual traits or whole suites of traits (production, maternal and carcass — see Fig. 4) for the formation of genetic trend lines. EPD trends can provide an indication of trait emphasis over time, along with drawing attention to breeding program strengths or focus areas.

The **Production Performance Report** gives a customized production summary of your enrolled females. This report is available only after females are re-enrolled. The default report shows all cows and their calving distribution between the first and last reported calving dates, though you can customize the calving window (see Fig. 5). For instance, you can customize the report to characterize spring-calving cows and fall-calving cows separately. Additionally, breeders can specify the report show calving distribution by year of enrollment.

Calves born in the first 21-day period of the calving season have been shown to be more profitable, and it is important to know which cows consistently calve in those first 21 days of the calving season. The calving distribution of the Production Performance Report (see Fig. 6) allows breeders to make decisions based on a historical basis, and even by season.

For additional detail, the calving distribution is broken down by the age of your enrolled females. This includes calf

Reproductive 🖓 Strategies

Fig. 1: How to find each report

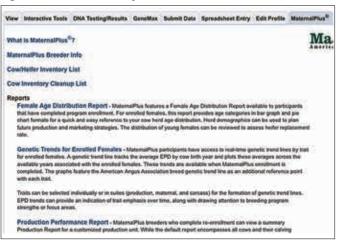
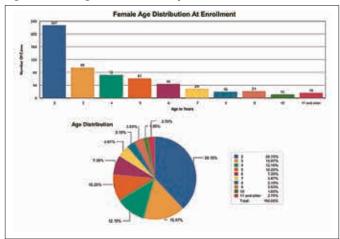


Fig. 2: Female Age Distribution Report



average performance for preweaning weight traits. Calf counts contributing to birth and weaning weight averages are included with average calf age. The production report also includes summary measures by calf gender.

For more information on enrolling your herd in MaternalPlus, check out the "MaternalPlus" tab in AAA Login (see Fig. 7).

Kasey Brown

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Fig. 3: Genetic Trends Report for enrolled females

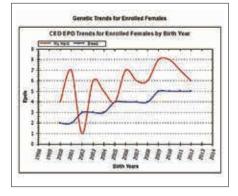


Fig. 4: Select individual or suite of traits for Genetic Trends Report

Select the EPD Trend	s to display.				
PRODUCTION	MATERNAL	CARCASS			
CED	HP	C.			
C BW	CEM	Marb			
⊡ww	MILK	RE			
□ vw	MW D	FAT			
RADO	МН				
□ YH					
⊡sc					
Doc					

Fig. 5: Select the calving window for Production Performance Report

Enroll Year:	2012	
The office of the second s		Teconomic
Begin Calving Date:	01/20/2012	01/20/2012
End Calving Date:	01/19/2013	01/19/2013

Fig. 6: The calving distribution of the Production Performance Report

						d Summar							
						on Perform							
				Calvin	g Date Range	01/20/	12 10 01/19/13						
Calvin	g Distributio	HR.											
Beginning Calving Date 01/26/12		Percent											
Calves Born During 21 Day Perio		riods	For Period (umulative								
1st 21			02/16/12		21.7 %	21.7	*						
2nd 21		0	03/08/12		19.1 %	40.81	14						
3rd 21 4th 21		0	03/29/12 04/19/12		13.0 % 6.6 %		53.8 % 60.5 %						
		0											
La	de:				39.5 %	100.01	54						
Ending	Calving Dia	6 O	1/19/13										
Ann	of Dam			iving Distr	Bution				- 23	verans	Prod	uction	
Summary			by 21-Day Period							cord			
				akin ala	COME-		Calving	Num	Avg	Num	Ave	Avg	Avg Ad
Age	Calves	1st 21	2nd 21	31d 21	405 21	Late	Date	Wes	W	Wbs	Apr		
2	108	51	13	1.5	1000	40 29	04/30/12 05/16/12	107	66 75	103	196	494	582
3	65	9	17	13 8	10	32	06/04/12	63	75	63	180	493	556
5	39		13	34	2	34	05/14/12	39	70	37	182	502	548
6	31	4	4	3	1	15	05/07/12	29	81	27	197	537	556
7	21	3			- 13 - E	3	04/05/12	21	83	20	178	507	565
8	26		7	1	10	12	06/06/12	26	79	25	200	551	565
.9	6		2	2		2	05/05/12	6	86	6	181	523	583
10	- 3	(1)	- 12	1.55	1	2	05/24/12	5	78	5	195	490	529
11+	12		4	1	1	6	06/14/12	12	85	12	191	500	546
Total:	392	85	75	51	26	155		385	1	375	-		-
	ction Perfer rage Age at			18	¥.								
	rage rige at usl Weaning			10	2								
1	Buls	the state of the s		50									
	Steers			0.05	3								
	Heilers			49	0								
Average Weaning Weight		taning Web	the late	41									

Fig. 7: Where to enroll in MaternalPlus

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What is MaternalPlus⁶7

Maternal

MaternalPlus Breeder Info

Enroll in MaternalPlus

February 2014 • ANGUSJournal • 171